

Reg. No. _____ Name: _____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2017

Course Code: **EC204**Course Name: **ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS (AE, EC)**

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A*Question No.1 is compulsory. Answer question 2 or 3*

1. a. Define the following terms (6)
 - i) CMRR
 - ii) Slew rate
 - iii) PSRR
- b. Design a circuit to obtain an output voltage of $-(V_1 + 2V_2 + 5V_3)$ (5)
- c. Derive the following characteristics of voltage series feedback amplifier. (4)
 - i) Closed loop gain
 - ii) Input impedance
 - iii) Output impedance
 - iv) Bandwidth
2. a. Explain in detail a method of improving CMRR of differential amplifier. (10)
- b. Explain the various stages of op-amp. (5)

OR

3. Draw an instrumentation amplifier using four op-amps and explain the need for each op-amp. Derive the expression for its output voltage. (15)

PART B*Question No.4 is compulsory. Answer question 5 or 6.*

4. a. Explain the working of precision full wave rectifier with a neat diagram. (7)
- b. Draw a second order active high pass filter and derive the expression for its cut off frequency. (8)
5. a. With the help of a neat diagram, derive the frequency of oscillation for RC phase shift oscillator. (10)
- b. Draw the circuit of antilog amplifier and derive the output voltage. (5)

OR

6. a. Explain in detail the working of Schmitt trigger and explain the transfer characteristics. (8)
- b. Design a first order low pass filter with a cut off frequency of 2kHz. (7)

PART C

Question No.7 is compulsory. Answer question 8 or 9.

7. a. Discuss in detail any two applications of PLL. (5)
- b. Write a short note on IC723 based voltage regulators (5)
- c. Explain the working of dual slope A/D converters. (10)
8. a. Explain in detail the working of monostable and astable multivibrator using 555. (10)
- b. Discuss different methods for implementing analog multipliers. (5)
- c. Explain the working of high speed sample and hold switch. (5)

OR

9. a. Derive the output voltage for a 4 bit R-2R ladder D/A converters (10)
- b. Explain the working of successive approximation type A/D converters. (7)

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2017

Course Code: EC204

Course Name: ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS (AE, EC)

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Question No.1 is compulsory. Answer question 2 or 3

- 1 a) Draw the block diagram of an op-amp and explain the necessity and implementation of each block. (10)
- b) Design an op-amp based circuit to implement the function, $V_o = 2V_a + 3V_b$. (5)
- 2 a) With suitable diagram explain how the voltage series feedback is implemented in op-amp based circuits. (5)
- b) Derive the expressions for gain, input impedance, output impedance and frequency response of the above configuration. (10)

OR

- 3 a) Draw and explain the circuit diagram of an instrumentation amplifier and derive the output equation. (10)
- b) With suitable diagram and equation, explain how the average of signals can be achieved by using an op-amp circuit. (5)

PART B

Question No.4 is compulsory. Answer question 5 or 6

- 4 a) Design an op-amp based astable multi-vibrator for a duty cycle of 75% and draw the waveforms at different points. (8)
- b) Draw and explain the circuit diagram of a log amplifier and derive the output equation. (7)
- 5 a) Draw and explain the working of a practical differentiator circuit including frequency response analysis. (15)

OR

- 6 a) Design a Schmitt trigger circuit for different UTP and LTP magnitudes. (7)
- b) Draw and explain the circuit of a square/saw tooth wave generator using op-amps. (8)

PART C

Question No.7 is compulsory. Answer question 8 or 9

- 7 a) List the features of IC555 and design a monostable multi-vibrator for a pulse duration of 1ms using IC555. (10)
- b) With suitable diagram explain the working of a flash convertor. (10)
- 8 a) Draw and explain the working of a PLL and describe the importance of lock range and capture range. (10)
- b) Explain the method of current boosting in voltage regulator IC's. (10)

OR

- 9 a) Draw and explain the working of a binary ladder type D/A convertor. (10)
- b) List and explain at least five important specifications of D/A and A/D convertors. (10)

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018

Course Code: EC204

Course Name: ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS (AE, EC)

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

Marks

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| 1 | a) Derive CMRR, input resistance and output resistance of a dual input balanced output differential amplifier configuration. (8) | |
| | b) Define the following: (3) | |
| | i) Input bias current ii) Input offset current iii) Input offset voltage | |
| | c) Implement the equation using two op-amps (4) | |
| | $V_0 = -5V_1 + 2V_2 - 10V_3$ | |
| 2 | a) Derive the following characteristics of voltage shunt amplifier: (8) | |
| | i) Closed loop voltage gain ii) Input resistance | |
| | iii) Output resistance iv) Bandwidth | |
| | b) What is slew rate? Derive an equation for it. (4) | |
| | c) A differential amplifier has a common mode gain of 0.05 and difference mode gain of 1000. Calculate the output voltage for two signals $V_1 = 1\text{mV}$ and $V_2 = 0.9\text{mV}$ (3) | |
| 3 | a) Explain the variation of differential gain of a differential amplifier with frequency of operation with relevant expressions. (5) | |
| | b) Draw the circuit diagram of a differential instrumentation amplifier with a transducer bridge and show that the output voltage is proportional to the change in resistance. (7) | |
| | c) How a constant current bias circuit can be used to improve the CMRR of a differential amplifier? (3) | |

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

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|---|--|--|
| 4 | a) Draw the circuit of a temperature compensated logarithmic amplifier and show that it provides temperature independent logarithmic output. (8) | |
| | b) Explain the working of a triangular waveform generator with a neat circuit diagram. Also derive an expression for frequency of oscillation. (7) | |
| 5 | a) Draw the circuit of a Wien Bridge oscillator using op-amp and derive an equation for frequency of oscillation. (7) | |
| | b) With a neat circuit diagram explain the working of astable multivibrator using op-amp. Also derive an expression for time period. (8) | |
| 6 | a) Draw the circuit of second order low pass filter and derive its transfer function. (8) | |
| | b) Draw the circuit of a precision full-wave rectifier and explain its working. (7) | |

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

- 7 a) Explain how a monostable multivibrator can be implemented with 555 IC with relevant waveforms and functional diagram. Derive an expression for pulse width. (10)
- b) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of a 3-bit flash converter. (10)
- 8 a) With a neat block diagram explain the working of PLL. Explain any two applications of PLL. (10)
- b) Explain the working of dual-slope ADC with a neat circuit diagram. (10)
- 9 a) Explain how short circuit, fold back protection and current boosting are done using IC723 voltage regulator. (10)
- b) With a neat circuit diagram explain the working of a weighted resistor D/A converter (10)

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2018

Course Code: EC204

Course Name: ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS (AE, EC)

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

Marks

- 1 a) Analyse the BJT differential amplifier pair under large signal operation and illustrate its transfer characteristics. (8)
- b) How to implement the instrumentation amplifier using three Op.Amp. Deduce the condition for ensuring high CMRR in the circuit? (7)
- 2 a) Using the small signal analysis, deduce the expression for CMRR and differential input resistance of the BJT differential amplifier from fundamentals. (9)
- b) What is the principle of operation of Wilson current mirror and its advantages? Deduce the expression for its current gain. (6)
- 3 a) Deduce the expression for the closed loop voltage gain, input resistance and output resistance for an op. amp. with voltage series feed back. (10)
- b) For an op-amp having a slew rate of $2V/\mu\text{sec}$. What is the maximum closed loop voltage gain that can be used when the input signal varies by 0.5V in $10\mu\text{sec}$? (5)

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

- 4 a) How to realize Wein-Bridge oscillator using op. amp.? Derive the condition of oscillation and frequency of oscillation for the circuit. (8)
- b) Design a circuit to generate 1KHz triangular wave with 5V peak. (7)
- 5 a) Illustrate the working principle of the grounded load voltage to current converter and deduce the condition for its ideal current converter. (8)
- b) Design a fullwave rectifier to rectify an ac signal of 0.2V peak-to-peak. Explain its principle of operation. (7)
- 6 a) Derive the design equations for a second order Butterworth active low pass filter. (10)
- b) Design a Notch filter to eliminate power supply hum (50 Hz). (5)

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PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

- 7 a) Design a circuit to convert 1 KHz, 50% duty cyclesquare wave to 1 KHz, 30% duty cycle rectangular wave. (7)
- b) How to configure fold back current limiting protection in 723 voltage regulator IC. Explain the circuit with internal block diagram of the IC. (7)
- c) What is the principle of operation of successive approximation ADC? (6)
- 8 a) Illustrate the principle of operation of PLL with its capture range and lock range (7)
- b) How phase detector is implemented in digital PLL? (5)
- c) Design a circuit to multiply the incoming frequency by a factor of 5 using 565 PLL. (8)
- 9 a) Find out the Dynamic range, Full-scale value and Resolution of a 12 bit DAC having full-scale range 10V. (5)
- b) Explain the working principle of R-2R ladder type DAC with circuit. (6)
- c) What is the principle of operation of Dual slope ADC. Deduce the relationship between analogue input and digital output of the ADC. (9)

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION(R&S), MAY 2019

Course Code: EC204

Course Name: ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS (AE, EC)

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

Marks

- 1 a) Derive the equation for closed loop voltage gain, input resistance with feedback, output resistance with feedback and total output offset voltage with feedback of a voltage series feedback amplifier. (10)
- b) Define slew rate. What are its causes? Derive the equation for maximum input frequency at which an undistorted signal is obtained in terms of slew rate? (5)
- 2 a) Design an inverting adder circuit using opamp to get the output expression as $V_0 = -(0.2V_1 + 2V_2 + 20V_3)$, where V_1 , V_2 and V_3 are the inputs. (7)
- b) Derive the equation for the output voltage for an averaging circuit using opamp. (8)
- 3 a) Draw the equivalent circuit of an operational amplifier. Explain voltage transfer characteristics of an operational amplifier. (8)
- b) Define a) Power Supply Rejection Ratio b) Input Offset Current (7)

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

- 4 a) Explain the working of full wave precision rectifier. (9)
- b) Derive the equation for output voltage of an integrator. Why is it called a lossy integrator? (6)
- 5 a) Explain how switching takes place at UTP and LTP in a Schmitt trigger. Plot the hysteresis curve. (10)
- b) What is a zero crossing detector? (5)
- 6 a) Design a first order low pass filter at a cut-off frequency of 2kHz with a pass band gain of 3 (8)
- b) Prove that the input voltage is converted into corresponding output current in a voltage to current converter with floating load. (7)

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

- 7 a) Explain the operation of Phase Locked Loop. What is lock range and capture range? (10)
- b) With the help of internal diagram explain the monostable operation of timer IC 555. Draw the input and different output waveforms. Derive the equation for pulse width. (10)
- 8 a) Explain the working of successive approximation ADC (10)
- b) Discuss the operation of dual slope ADC (10)
- 9 a) What is a sample and hold circuit (5)
- b) Discuss how digital signal is converted into analog signal in a weighted resistor DAC. (6)
- c) Explain the internal diagram of I.C. 723 (6)
- d) Explain how current boosting is achieved using I.C 723 (3)

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION(S), DECEMBER 2019

Course Code: EC204

Course Name: ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

Marks

- 1 a) With the help of a circuit diagram explain the working of a differential amplifier if the following inputs are applied (i) $V_{b1}=0V$, $V_{b2}=1V$ (ii) $V_{b1}=1V$, $V_{b2}=1V$ (iii) $V_{b1}=-1V$, $V_{b2}=1V$ (4)
- b) List out the ideal characteristics of an op.amp. (3)
- c) Design the circuits to obtain the following output, V_o . (i) $V_o= (5V_1)$ (8)
(ii) $V_o= V_1+ 2V_2$ (iii) $V_o = - \frac{V_1+V_2+V_3}{3}$ (iv) $V_o= - 2V_1- 5V_2$
- 2 a) For a differential amplifier, find the value of v_{id} to cause $i_{E2}= 0.98I$ where $v_{id} = v_{B1}- v_{B2}$ and I is the tail current. (4)
- b) Draw the block diagram and equivalent circuit of an operational amplifier. (3)
- c) With the help of a neat circuit diagram, derive the equation for the output voltage of an Instrumentation amplifier. (8)
- 3 a) With the help of a circuit diagram, derive the equation for Input differential resistance of a differential amplifier. (4)
- b) Explain the openloop configurations and voltage transfer curve of an ideal opamp. (3)
- c) Explain the following properties of a practical opamp (i) Bandwidth (ii) Slew rate (8)
(iii) Input offset voltage (iv) Input offset current

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

- 4 a) With the help of circuit diagram and relevant equations, explain the disadvantages of a differentiator. How are the disadvantages removed in a practical differentiator? (4)
- b) With the help of circuit diagrams and graphs, explain the working of a Full wave Precision rectifier. (3)
- c) Design a Schmitt Trigger with hysteresis width, $V_H= 2V$. Assume $\pm V_{sat}= \pm 14V$. (4)
- d) Design a second order Butterworth Low Pass Filter with $f_H= 2KHz$ (4)

- 5 a) With the help of a circuit diagram, derive the equation for load current I_L for a V to I converter with grounded load. (3)
- b) Derive the equation for frequency of oscillation (f_0) of a Wein Bridge oscillator. (6)
Design a Wein Bridge oscillator for $f_0 = 1\text{KHz}$.
- c) Derive the equation for the transfer function of a first order wide Band Pass filter. (6)
Design a first order wide bandpass filter with $f_H = 2\text{KHz}$ and $f_L = 500\text{ Hz}$
- 6 a) Draw the circuit of a log amplifier with temperature compensation and derive the equation for its output voltage. (7)
- b) Derive the equation for frequency of oscillation for a square-triangular waveform generator. (8)

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

- 7 a) With the help of circuit diagram, internal functional diagram and relevant graphs, explain the working of a Monostable Multivibrator using IC555. (10)
- b) With the help of a circuit diagram and truth table, explain the working of a Flash type ADC. (10)
- 8 a) With the help of circuit diagram and internal diagram, explain the working of a Low Voltage Regulator using IC723. (10)
- b) With the help of a circuit diagram explain the working of a Dual slope ADC. (10)
- 9 a) With the help of block diagram explain the working of PLL. Explain any two applications of PLL. (10)
- b) The basic step of a 9bit DAC is 10mV. If 000000000 represents 0V, what output is produced if the input is 110011001? (5)
- c) Define the following terms with respect to DAC (i)Resolution (ii)Linearity (iii) Full scale output voltage (iv) LSB (v)MSB (5)

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Fourth semester B.Tech examinations (S), September 2020

Course Code: EC204**Course Name: ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS (AE, EC)**

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A*Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

Marks

- 1 a) How a constant current bias circuit can be used to improve the CMRR of a differential amplifier? (7)
- b) Define slew rate. What causes slew rate? Derive the equation for maximum input frequency at which an undistorted signal is obtained in terms of slew rate? (8)
- 2 a) Explain with suitable diagram how voltage shunt feedback is implemented in op-amp based circuits and derive the following characteristics (i) Closed loop voltage gain (ii) Input resistance, (iii) Output resistance (iv) Bandwidth (12)
- b) A 741C op-amp is used as an inverting amplifier with a gain of 50. The voltage gain vs frequency curve of 741C is flat upto 20kHz. What maximum peak to peak input signal can be applied without distorting the output. (3)
- 3 a) List and explain the function of all the basic building blocks of an op-amp. (8)
- b) What is the principle of operation of Wilson current mirror and its advantages? Deduce the expression for its output current. (7)

PART B*Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

- 4 a) Design a second order Butterworth low-pass filter with an upper cutoff frequency of 1kHz. (7)
- b) Explain the working of an inverting Schmitt trigger and draw its transfer characteristics. (8)
- 5 a) Draw the circuit of a temperature compensated logarithmic amplifier and show that it provides temperature independent logarithmic output. (7)
- b) Draw and explain the working of a practical differentiator and analyze its frequency response. (8)

- 6 a) Derive the frequency of oscillation of an RC phase shift oscillator using op-amp. (8)
Also explain its working with suitable diagram.
- b) Explain how a free running square wave form can be obtained using op-amps. (7)

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

- 7 a) Explain how a monostable multivibrator can be implemented with 555 IC with relevant waveforms and functional diagram. Derive an expression for pulse width. (8)
- b) Give the block diagram of IC566 VCO and explain its operation. (6)
- c) Discuss in detail any two applications of PLL. (6)
- 8 a) Why is a current foldback protection circuit used in regulators? Explain with suitable diagrams. (8)
- b) Illustrate the principle of operation of PLL with its capture range and lock range. (7)
- c) Explain the working of successive approximation ADC. (5)
- 9 a) With a neat circuit diagram explain the working of a weighted resistor D/A converter. Discuss how digital signal is converted into analog signal in a weighted resistor DAC. (7)
- b) With a functional diagram, explain the principle of operation of Dual slope ADC. (8)
- c) Draw the circuit of a Schmitt trigger using 555 timer and explain its operation. (5)
